

# 2023 Air Quality Annual Status Report (ASR)

In fulfilment of Part IV of the Environment Act 1995 Local Air Quality Management, as amended by the Environment Act 2021

Date: June, 2023

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# **Executive Summary: Air Quality in Our Area**

The 2023 Annual Status Report (ASR) is designed to provide the public with information relating to local air quality in Brentwood, to fulfil Brentwood Borough Council's statutory duty to review and assess air quality within its area, and to determine whether or not the air quality objectives are likely to be achieved.

In 2022, Brentwood Borough Council measured **no** exceedances of the Air Quality Objectives.

# Air Quality in Brentwood

Air pollution is associated with a number of adverse health impacts. It is recognised as a contributing factor in the onset of heart disease and cancer. Additionally, air pollution particularly affects the most vulnerable in society: children, the elderly, and those with existing heart and lung conditions. There is also often a strong correlation with equalities issues because areas with poor air quality are also often less affluent areas<sup>1,2</sup>.

The mortality burden of air pollution within the UK is equivalent to 29,000 to 43,000 deaths at typical  $ages^3$ , with a total estimated healthcare cost to the NHS and social care of £157 million in 2017<sup>4</sup>.

The Borough of Brentwood is situated in the southwest of Essex and is a pleasant, busy town situated within the Metropolitan Green Belt. Apart from its urban heart, the Borough of Brentwood has about 3,000 acres (about 1,215 hectares) of woodland, yet it is only 18 miles from Central London.

The main source of air pollution in Brentwood is road traffic emissions for major roads, notably the M25, A12, A127, A128, A1023 and A129.

Brentwood Borough Council has three Air Quality Management Areas (AQMA) which are detailed in Table 2.1. These were declared due to exceedances of Nitrogen Dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>).

No exceedances at relevant exposure have been measured in these AQMAs and Brentwood Borough Council proposes to revoke these declarations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Public Health England. Air Quality: A Briefing for Directors of Public Health, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Defra. Air quality and social deprivation in the UK: an environmental inequalities analysis, 2006

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Defra. Air quality appraisal: damage cost guidance, January 2023

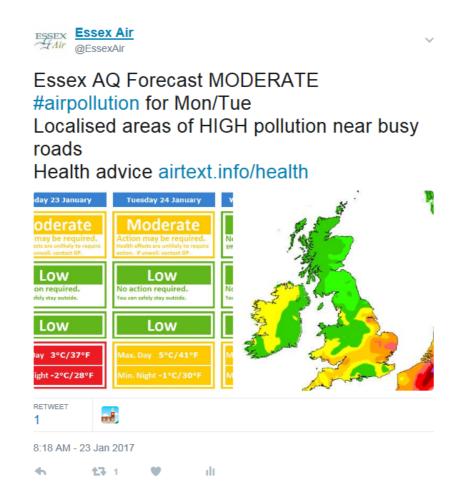
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Public Health England. Estimation of costs to the NHS and social care due to the health impacts of air pollution: summary report, May 2018

# Local Engagement and How to get Involved

Brentwood Borough Council is a member of the Essex Air Quality consortium. The Essex Air website operated by the consortium is being updated and will be available in the second half of 2023.

The <u>@EssexAir</u> twitter feed provides localised weekly air pollution forecasts.

#### Figure i.1 - Essex Air Twitter Air Quality Notifications



Links to Defra recommended actions and health advice are provided when air pollution is likely to be moderate or higher. This will enable those with heart or lung conditions, or other breathing problems to make informed judgements about their levels of activity or exposure.

The Essex Air twitter also promotes the <u>DVSA service</u> for reporting smoky lorries or buses. Particulate matter is usually not visible but when poorly maintained diesel engines can produce visible particles, appearing as smoke. Fine particles have an adverse effect on human health, particularly among those with respiratory and cardiovascular problem.

# **Conclusions and Priorities**

Brentwood Borough Council have concluded that:

- No air quality exceedances have been identified in 2021.
- There are no new developments that will have an impact on air quality.
- Brentwood Borough Council proposes to revoke:
  - AQMA 2 Parts of Brook Street, Brentwood and the A12.
  - AQMA 4 Parts of Warescot Road, Hurstwood Avenue and Ongar Road, Brentwood and the A12.
  - AQMA7 Parts of Ongar Road, Ingrave Road, High Street and Shenfield Road, Brentwood in proximity to Wilsons Corner (the junction of the A128 and A1203).
- With the revocation of the AQMAs, it will be necessary for Brentwood Borough Council to consider developing a Local Air Quality Strategy in accordance with the Local Air Quality Management (LAQM) Technical Guidance (TG22)

# **Local Responsibilities and Commitment**

This ASR was prepared on behalf of Brentwood Borough Council's Environmental Health & Licensing Service.

This ASR has been approved by:

David Carter – Environmental Health Manager, Brentwood Borough Council.

This ASR has been sent to the Director of Public Health at Essex County Council.

If you have any comments on this ASR please send them to David Carter at:

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# 1 Local Air Quality Management

This report provides an overview of air quality in Brentwood during 2022. It fulfils the requirements of Local Air Quality Management (LAQM) as set out in Part IV of the Environment Act (1995), as amended by the Environment Act (2021), and the relevant Policy and Technical Guidance documents.

The LAQM process places an obligation on all local authorities to regularly review and assess air quality in their areas, and to determine whether or not the air quality objectives are likely to be achieved. Where an exceedance is considered likely the local authority must declare an Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) and prepare an Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) setting out the measures it intends to put in place in order to achieve and maintain the objectives and the dates by which each measure will be carried out. This Annual Status Report (ASR) is an annual requirement showing the strategies employed by Brentwood Borough Council to improve air quality and any progress that has been made.

The statutory air quality objectives applicable to LAQM in England are presented in Table E.1.

# 2 Actions to Improve Air Quality

# **Air Quality Management Areas**

Air Quality Management Areas (AQMAs) are declared when there is an exceedance or likely exceedance of an air quality objective. After declaration, the authority should prepare an Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) within 18 months. The AQAP should specify how air quality targets will be achieved and maintained and provide dates by which measures will be carried out.

A summary of the AQMAs declared by Brentwood Borough Council can be found in Table 2.1 below. The table presents a description of the AQMA that is currently designated within Brentwood. A map of air quality monitoring locations and of the AQMA can be found in Appendix D.

The air quality objective pertinent to the current AQMA designations is nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>) annual mean.

This Annual Status Report identifies that pollutant concentrations are well below the Air Quality Objectives (at relevant exposure) and that it is appropriate to revoke the remaining AQMAs.

#### Table 2.1 – Declared Air Quality Management Areas

AQMA Name	Date of Declaration	Pollutants and Air Quality Objectives	One Line Description	Is air quality in the AQMA influenced by roads controlled by Highways England?	Level of Exceedance: Declaration (µg/m³)	Level of Exceedance: Current Year (µg/m³)	Number of Years Compliant with Air Quality Objective	Name and Date of AQAP Publication	Web Link to AQAP
Brentwood AQMA No.2	Declared 10/01/2005	NO2 Annual Mean	Parts of Brook Street, Brentwood and the A12.	Yes	53.4	No exceedance	3	Brentwood Borough Council Air Quality Action Plan 2008	<u>https://uk-</u> air.defra.gov.uk/asset <u>s/documents/no2ten/L</u> <u>ocal_zone29_Brentw</u> <u>ood_AQActionplan_1.</u> <u>pdf</u>
Brentwood AQMA No.4	Declared 10/01/2005	NO2 Annual Mean	Parts of Warescot Road, Hurstwood Avenue and Ongar Road, Brentwood and the A12.	Yes	76	No exceedance	9	Brentwood Borough Council Air Quality Action Plan 2008	<u>https://uk-</u> air.defra.gov.uk/asset s/documents/no2ten/L ocal_zone29_Brentw ood_AQActionplan_1. pdf
Brentwood AQMA No.7	Declared 10/01/2005	NO2 Annual Mean	Parts of Ongar Road, Ingrave Road, High Street and Shenfield Road, Brentwood in proximity to Wilsons Corner (the junction of the A128 and A1203).	No	56.9	No exceedance	6	Brentwood Borough Council Air Quality Action Plan 2008	<u>https://uk-</u> air.defra.gov.uk/asset s/documents/no2ten/L ocal_zone29_Brentw ood_AQActionplan_1. pdf

Brentwood Borough Council confirms the information on UK-Air regarding their AQMA(s) is up to date

Brentwood Borough Council confirm that the current AQAP has been submitted to Defra

# Progress and Impact of Measures to address Air Quality in Brentwood Borough Council

Defra's appraisal of last year's ASR concluded that report was well structured, detailed, and provides the information specified in the Technical Guidance.

Brentwood Borough Council have a number of ongoing measures to improve air quality in Brentwood. These are detailed in Table 2.2 below.

#### Table 2.2 – Progress on Measures to Improve Air Quality

Measure No.	Measure	Category	Classification	Year Measu re Introd uced in AQAP	Estimated / Actual Completion Date	Organisations Involved	Funding Source	Defra AQ Grant Funding	Funding Status	Estimated Cost of Measure	Measure Status	Reduction in Pollutant / Emission from Measure	Key Performance Indicator	Progress to Date	Comments / Barriers to Implementation
1	Essex Carshare	Alternative s to private vehicle use	Car & lift sharing schemes	2014	Ongoing	Essex County Council	Essex County Council	No	Funded	< £10k	Implementation	Not quantified	N/A	Ongoing	
2	Travel Budi	Alternative s to private vehicle use	Car & lift sharing schemes	2007	Ongoing	Brentwood Borough Council	Brentwoo d Borough Council	No	Funded	< £10k	Implementation	Not quantified	N/A	Ongoing	
3	Member of Essex Air	Policy Guidance and Developme nt Control	Regional Groups Co- ordinating programmes to develop Area wide Strategies to reduce emissions and improve air quality	N/A	Ongoing	County Council / District & Borough Councils	N/A	No	Funded	< £10k	Implementation	Not quantified	N/A	Ongoing	

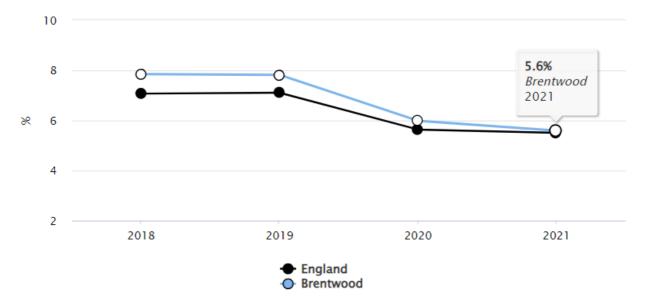
# PM<sub>2.5</sub> – Local Authority Approach to Reducing Emissions and/or Concentrations

As detailed in Policy Guidance LAQM.PG22 (Chapter 8), local authorities are expected to work towards reducing emissions and/or concentrations of PM<sub>2.5</sub> (particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of 2.5µm or less). There is clear evidence that PM<sub>2.5</sub> has a significant impact on human health, including premature mortality, allergic reactions, and cardiovascular diseases.

Brentwood Borough Council does not monitor  $PM_{2.5}$  concentrations however notes the Defra background mapping resource which for  $PM_{2.5}$  in 2022 models a maximum annual mean concentration of  $10.9\mu g/m^3$  in the Local Authority area.

The Public Health Outcomes Framework indicator D01 – Fraction of mortality attributable to particulate ( $PM_{2.5}$ ) air pollution which for 2021 gave a value of 5.6% which is below the average for England and significantly down from 7.8% in 2018.





Brentwood Borough Council is taking the following measures to address PM<sub>2.5</sub>:

 Regular inspections of permitted industry where combustion and non-combustion processes could lead to anthropogenic emissions of PM<sub>2.5</sub>

# 3 Air Quality Monitoring Data and Comparison with Air Quality Objectives and National Compliance

This section sets out the monitoring undertaken within 2022 by Brentwood Borough Council and how it compares with the relevant air quality objectives. Monitoring results are presented for a five-year period between 2018 and 2022.

In 2022, Brentwood Borough Council measured **no** exceedances of the Air Quality Objectives.

# **Summary of Monitoring Undertaken**

#### 3.1.1 Automatic Monitoring Sites

Brentwood Borough Council does not undertake automatic continuous monitoring.

#### 3.1.2 Non-Automatic Monitoring Sites

Brentwood Borough Council undertook non-automatic (i.e. passive) monitoring of NO<sub>2</sub> at 33 sites during 2022 using diffusion tubes. Table A.1 in Appendix A presents the details of the non-automatic sites.

Maps showing the location of the monitoring sites are provided in Appendix D. Further details on Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) for the diffusion tubes, including bias adjustments and any other adjustments applied (e.g. annualisation and/or distance correction), are included in Appendix C.

# **Individual Pollutants**

#### 3.1.3 Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2)

The air quality monitoring results presented in this section are, where relevant, adjusted for bias, annualisation (where the annual mean data capture is below 75% and greater than 25%), and distance correction. Further details on adjustments are provided in Appendix C.

Table A.1 in Appendix A provides the details of the diffusion tube monitoring sites. Table A.2 compares the ratified and adjusted monitored NO<sub>2</sub> annual mean concentrations for the past five years with the air quality objective of  $40\mu g/m^3$ .

For diffusion tubes, the full 2022 dataset of monthly mean values is provided in Appendix B. Note that the concentration data presented in Table B.1 includes distance corrected values, only where relevant.

#### Evidence for Revoking the AQMAs 2, 4 & 7

Pollutant concentrations may vary significantly from one year to the next, due to the influence of meteorological conditions, and it is important for the Council to avoid cycling between declaring, revoking and declaring again, due simply to these variations. Therefore, before revoking an AQMA on the basis of measured pollutant concentrations, we need to be reasonably certain that any future exceedances that might occur in more adverse meteorological conditions are unlikely.

The Defra LAQM TG.22 technical guidance document defines that revocation of an AQMA should be considered following three consecutive years of compliance with the relevant objective as evidenced through monitoring.

As the NO2 monitoring in the AQMAs 2, 4 & 7 is completed using diffusion tubes, it is necessary to account for the inherent uncertainty associated with the monitoring method and it is recommended that revocation of an AQMA should only be considered following three consecutive years of annual mean NO2 concentrations being lower than 36µg/m3 (i.e. within 10% of the annual mean NO2 objective).

Table 3.1 below identifies that measured concentrations in all of the AQMAs have been below the NO2 annual mean Air Quality Objectives and below the 36µg/m3 borderline threshold for three years.

These measurements provide Brentwood Borough Council reasonable certainty that future exceedances are unlikely to re-occur and in accordance with the technical guidance is sufficient evidence to revoke AQMAs 2, 4 & 7.

AQMA	Maximum Measured Concentration in 2022	Last Measured Exceedance	Number of Years complying with the Air Quality Objectives	Number of Years below 36 µg/m Borderline Threshold (at relevant exposure)
AQMA 2	30.0µg/m3	2019	3	3
AQMA 4	24.8µg/m3	2013	9	5
AQMA 7	25.9µg/m3	2016	6	4

Table 3.1 – Progress	on N	leasures to	o Improve	Air Quality
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# Appendix A: Monitoring Results

Diffusion Tube ID	Site Name	Site Type	X OS Grid Ref (Easting)	Y OS Grid Ref (Northing)	Pollutants Monitored	In AQMA? Which AQMA?	Distance to Relevant Exposure (m) <sup>(1)</sup>	Distance to kerb of nearest road (m) <sup>(2)</sup>	Tube Co-located with a Continuous Analyser?	Tube Height (m)
BRW 5	Telegraph pole at end of Brook Street	Roadside	556887	192412	NO2	AQMA BRW2	16.3	1.3	No	2.5
BRW 6	Freeway Cottage, 63 Brook Street	Roadside	557014	192493	NO2	AQMA BRW2	0.9	1.3	No	2.5
BRW 7	13 Nags Head Lane - on fence trellis	Roadside	557118	191978	NO2		5.0	15.6	No	2.5
BRW 8	3 High Street - front facade	Roadside	559691	193912	NO2	AQMA BRW8	9.4	9.8	No	2.5
BRW 9	Caffe Uno, High Street - front facade	Roadside	559643	193889	NO2	AQMA BRW8	0.9	8.1	No	2.5
BRW 10	5/7 Ongar Road - lamp-post	Roadside	559699	193948	NO2	AQMA BRW8	0.7	3.2	No	2.5
BRW 11	36 Ongar Road - front facade	Roadside	559604	194035	NO2	AQMA BRW8	0.0	5.7	No	2.5
BRW 12	Corner of Kings Road/Hart Street/High Street	Roadside	559187	193658	NO2		5.3	2.1	No	2.5
BRW 14	145 High Street - front facade	Roadside	559148	193660	NO2		0.0	2.6	No	2.5
BRW 15	4 Westbury Road - downpipe on corner of house	Roadside	559085	193601	NO2		2.0	6.9	No	2.5
BRW 16	24 Wingrave Crescent - rear boundary fence	Urban Background	557379	192900	NO2		8.3	25.1	No	2.5
BRW 17	51 Spital Lane - side garden	Roadside	557632	193151	NO2		3.8	9.3	No	2.5
BRW 18	46 Selwood Road - rear garden tree stump	Urban Background	557826	193333	NO2		6.0	20.0	No	2.5
BRW 19	61 Warescot Road - front facade	Roadside	558769	194873	NO2	AQMA BRW4	0.0	10.4	No	2.5
BRW 20	76 Warescot Road - lamp- post	Kerbside	558818	194913	NO2	AQMA BRW4	7.0	0.2	No	2.5
BRW 21	316 Ongar Road - side gatepost	Roadside	558681	194799	NO2	AQMA BRW4	9.9	8.2	No	2.5
BRW 22	339 Ongar Road - front facade	Roadside	558683	194894	NO2	AQMA BRW4	0.0	7.1	No	2.5
BRW 23	12 Hurstwood Avenue - front facade	Roadside	558742	194928	NO2	AQMA BRW4	0.0	8.2	No	2.5
BRW 24	Highwood Close - lamp-post	Roadside	558624	194695	NO2		18.8	1.0	No	2.5
BRW 25	65 Greenshaw - lamp-post	Roadside	558482	194547	NO2		5.5	21.4	No	2.5
BRW 26	289 Chelmsford Road - telegraph pole	Roadside	562278	196649	NO2		15.2	2.1	No	2.5

Diffusion Tube ID	Site Name	Site Type	X OS Grid Ref (Easting)	Y OS Grid Ref (Northing)	Pollutants Monitored	In AQMA? Which AQMA?	Distance to Relevant Exposure (m) <sup>(1)</sup>	Distance to kerb of nearest road (m) <sup>(2)</sup>	Tube Co-located with a Continuous Analyser?	Tube Height (m)
BRW 28	Ingatestone Junior School, The Furlongs - playground pergola	Urban Background	564446	199509	NO2		11.0	37.0	No	2.5
BRW 29	1 Trimble Close - lamp-post	Roadside	564617	199849	NO2		8.9	11.0	No	2.5
BRW 30	8 Trimble Close - rear facade	Roadside	564654	199898	NO2		0.0	9.5	No	2.5
BRW 31	New Road, Ingatestone - telegraph pole	Roadside	565186	200071	NO2		19.2	18.7	No	2.5
BRW 32	The Poplars, Brook Street	Urban Background	556964	192288	NO2	AQMA BRW2	0.0	45.0	No	2.5
BRW 33	108 Doddinghurst Road - front facade	Urban Background	559139	195012	NO2		1.6	16.3	No	2.5
BRW 34	La Clarentet, Talbrook - carport	Roadside	557719	193226	NO2		2.2	2.7	No	2.5
BRW 36	Lincolns Lane - background	Rural	556603	194628	NO2		N/A	0.6	No	2.5
BRW 38	58 Roman Road	Roadside	563659	198314	NO2		9.6	26.3	No	2.5
BRW 39	Thorndon Avenue/A127	Roadside	562412	189153	NO2		21.3	2.2	No	2.5
BRW 40	131 High St - lamp-post	Kerbside	559191	193681	NO2		3.0	1.0	No	2.5
BRW 41	88 High St - lamp-post	Kerbside	559292	193710	NO2		3.0	1.0	No	2.5
BRW 5	Telegraph pole at end of Brook Street	Roadside	556887	192412	NO2	AQMA BRW2	16.3	1.3	No	2.5
BRW 6	Freeway Cottage, 63 Brook Street	Roadside	557014	192493	NO2	AQMA BRW2	0.9	1.3	No	2.5
BRW 7	13 Nags Head Lane - on fence trellis	Roadside	557118	191978	NO2		5.0	15.6	No	2.5

#### Notes:

(1) 0m if the monitoring site is at a location of exposure (e.g. installed on the façade of a residential property).

(2) N/A if not applicable.

Table A.2 – Annual Mea	n NO2 Monitoring Results	: Non-Automatic Monitorin	a (ua/m3)
			9 (µ9/110)

Diffusion Tube	X OS Grid Ref	Y OS Grid Ref	Site Type	Valid Data Capture for	Valid Data Capture 2022 (%)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
ID	(Easting)	(Northing)	Site Type	Monitoring Period (%) <sup>(1)</sup>	(2)	2010	2019	2020	2021	2022
BRW 5	556887	192412	Roadside	100.0	100.0	39.6	42.1	31.1	31.5	30.0
BRW 6	557014	192493	Roadside	100.0	100.0	34.2	32.6	25.6	24.1	24.2
BRW 7	557118	191978	Roadside	100.0	100.0	25.1	23.8	19.5	19.3	17.2
BRW 8	559691	193912	Roadside	100.0	100.0	33.9	35.1	26.3	27.4	25.9
BRW 9	559643	193889	Roadside	100.0	100.0	31.9	31.0	22.3	26.4	24.1
BRW 10	559699	193948	Roadside	100.0	100.0	36.4	33.6	24.6	27.9	25.4
BRW 11	559604	194035	Roadside	100.0	100.0	31.1	30.5	24.6	24.5	23.3
BRW 12	559187	193658	Roadside	100.0	100.0	26.9	26.2	20.7	22.3	20.9
BRW 14	559148	193660	Roadside	100.0	100.0	31.9	29.6	23.7	25.4	22.2
BRW 15	559085	193601	Roadside	100.0	100.0	20.5	19.7	15.6	16.7	15.2
BRW 16	557379	192900	Urban Background	92.3	92.3	28.1	27.3	21.3	21.7	19.9
BRW 17	557632	193151	Roadside	100.0	100.0	26.0	26.6	20.5	19.9	18.9
BRW 18	557826	193333	Urban Background	92.3	92.3	23.4	22.5	18.5	17.6	17.2
BRW 19	558769	194873	Roadside	100.0	100.0	26.8	26.7	21.1	21.2	19.0
BRW 20	558818	194913	Kerbside	100.0	100.0	32.3	31.9	26.2	27.5	24.3
BRW 21	558681	194799	Roadside	100.0	100.0	23.7	23.7	19.8	16.8	20.5
BRW 22	558683	194894	Roadside	100.0	100.0	30.3	30.0	23.5	23.1	22.4
BRW 23	558742	194928	Roadside	100.0	100.0	33.3	33.5	25.5	25.9	24.8
BRW 24	558624	194695	Roadside	100.0	100.0	23.8	24.6	19.4	19.1	17.9
BRW 25	558482	194547	Roadside	100.0	100.0	28.5	26.7	26.3	21.8	22.1
BRW 26	562278	196649	Roadside	100.0	100.0	26.4	26.7	20.9	21.3	19.1
BRW 28	564446	199509	Urban Background	100.0	100.0	28.3	28.4	22.4	23.1	20.4
BRW 29	564617	199849	Roadside	100.0	100.0	24.6	24.5	19.6	18.6	18.0
BRW 30	564654	199898	Roadside	100.0	100.0	26.4	26.9	21.0	20.6	20.2
BRW 31	565186	200071	Roadside	100.0	100.0	28.3	25.9	19.5	20.8	19.2
BRW 32	556964	192288	Urban Background	100.0	100.0	29.7	28.5	23.6	22.0	20.8

Diffusion Tube ID	X OS Grid Ref (Easting)	Y OS Grid Ref (Northing)	Site Type	Valid Data Capture for Monitoring Period (%) <sup>(1)</sup>	Valid Data Capture 2022 (%) ⑵	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
BRW 33	559139	195012	Urban Background	100.0	100.0	22.1	22.6	17.9	17.8	16.5
BRW 34	557719	193226	Roadside	100.0	100.0	22.9	23.4	19.5	19.2	16.2
BRW 36	556603	194628	Rural	100.0	100.0	15.9	16.0	12.4	11.9	11.4
BRW 38	563659	198314	Roadside	92.3	92.3	18.5	19.1	21.8	13.8	15.7
BRW 39	562412	189153	Roadside	100.0	100.0	27.1	25.7	20.8	20.4	18.7
BRW 40	559191	193681	Kerbside	100.0	100.0	39.1	36.9	32.0	30.9	28.3
BRW 41	559292	193710	Kerbside	100.0	100.0	39.2	38.4	30.8	31.7	28.7

Annualisation has been conducted where data capture is <75% and >25% in line with LAQM.TG22

☑ Diffusion tube data has been bias adjusted

Reported concentrations are those at the location of the monitoring site (bias adjusted and annualised, as required), i.e. prior to any fall-off with distance correction Notes:

The annual mean concentrations are presented as µg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Exceedances of the NO<sub>2</sub> annual mean objective of  $40\mu g/m^3$  are shown in **bold**.

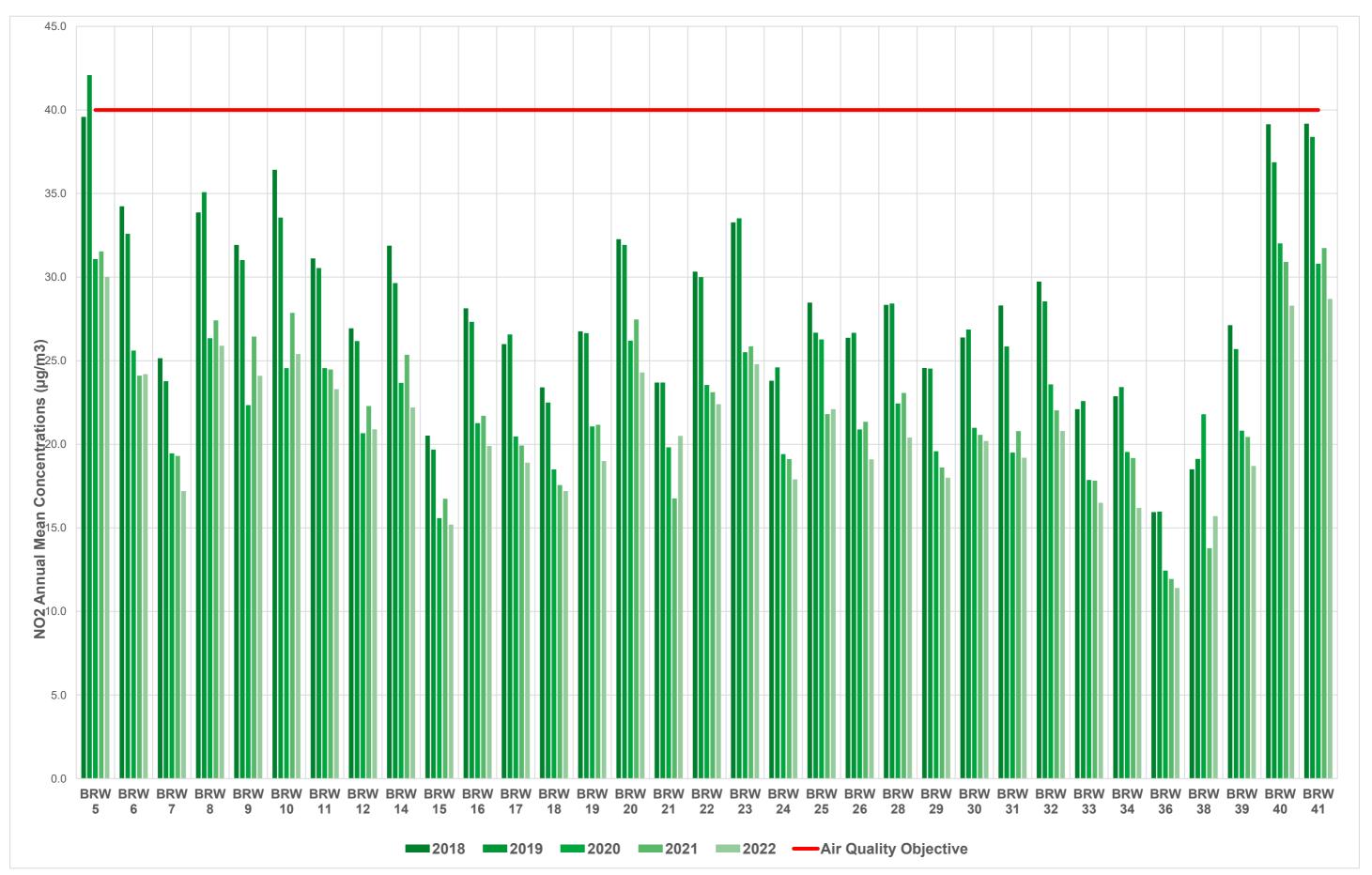
NO<sub>2</sub> annual means exceeding 60µg/m<sup>3</sup>, indicating a potential exceedance of the NO<sub>2</sub> 1-hour mean objective are shown in **bold and underlined**.

Means for diffusion tubes have been corrected for bias. All means have been "annualised" as per LAQM.TG22 if valid data capture for the full calendar year is less than 75%. See Appendix C for details. Concentrations are those at the location of monitoring and not those following any fall-off with distance adjustment.

(1) Data capture for the monitoring period, in cases where monitoring was only carried out for part of the year.

(2) Data capture for the full calendar year (e.g. if monitoring was carried out for 6 months, the maximum data capture for the full calendar year is 50%).

#### Figure A.1 – Trends in Annual Mean NO2 Concentrations



# **Appendix B: Full Monthly Diffusion Tube Results for 2022**

#### Table B.1 – NO2 2022 Diffusion Tube Results (µg/m3)

DT ID	X OS Grid Ref (Easting)	Y OS Grid Ref (Northing )	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual Mean: Raw Data	Annual Mean: Annualised and Bias Adjusted (0.76)
BRW 5	556887	192412	54.9	40.4	38.6	33.5	38.4	39.0	34.0	34.0	37.5	41.3	46.7	35.0	39.4	30.0
BRW 6	557014	192493	40.4	35.4	36.1	26.2	29.6	28.5	26.2	27.7	27.3	31.6	38.4	33.9	31.8	24.2
BRW 7	557118	191978	24.3	32.1	19.5	15.1	24.7	23.1	18.6	15.5	19.9	24.3	30.2	25.1	22.7	17.2
BRW 8	559691	193912	50.9	37.3	39.2	31.0	33.9	28.5	29.3	30.8	32.9	28.3	33.1	34.6	34.1	25.9
BRW 9	559643	193889	48.4	34.6	35.4	31.9	29.3	27.7	26.0	27.5	31.6	24.7	30.4	32.7	31.7	24.1
<b>BRW 10</b>	559699	193948	50.3	4.4	44.9	36.3	33.1	27.2	30.8	36.3	35.6	33.3	36.9	31.9	33.4	25.4
<b>BRW 11</b>	559604	194035	48.8	33.9	31.7	23.7	29.5	28.7	27.7	25.4	25.6	27.2	33.9	31.7	30.6	23.3
<b>BRW 12</b>	559187	193658	43.0	28.3	35.8	23.0	23.0	18.7	19.3	20.5	23.5	27.5	35.6	32.3	27.5	20.9
<b>BRW 14</b>	559148	193660	40.2	29.5	34.2	27.9	27.3	22.0	23.0	25.8	31.2	27.3	31.0	31.2	29.2	22.2
<b>BRW 15</b>	559085	193601	34.6	21.8	23.9	17.6	14.7	12.4	13.2	16.4	17.0	17.0	23.7	27.3	20.0	15.2
<b>BRW 16</b>	557379	192900	36.3	30.6	24.5	24.3	22.2	24.1	21.0	22.2	24.7	27.2	Damaged	31.2	26.2	19.9
<b>BRW 17</b>	557632	193151	39.2	27.9	25.1	21.4	24.5	21.2	18.6	19.9	24.1	21.8	26.8	28.3	24.9	18.9
<b>BRW 18</b>	557826	193333	34.0	24.7	23.5	21.6	19.9	17.6	16.6	Missing	20.3	20.8	25.4	25.1	22.7	17.2
<b>BRW 19</b>	558769	194873	36.9	26.8	23.1	22.8	22.4	18.9	18.2	25.2	22.0	24.7	29.1	29.5	25.0	19.0
<b>BRW 20</b>	558818	194913	44.8	31.9	39.4	39.8	26.8	22.8	26.0	37.1	29.5	27.3	33.3	24.7	31.9	24.3
<b>BRW 21</b>	558681	194799	35.8	29.8	28.7	24.9	26.6	25.4	23.1	24.5	23.0	23.3	25.4	32.5	26.9	20.5
<b>BRW 22</b>	558683	194894	35.8	33.5	35.0	21.8	25.2	24.7	23.3	22.2	24.5	34.2	39.8	33.5	29.5	22.4
<b>BRW 23</b>	558742	194928	49.3	36.7	37.5	23.5	30.8	28.5	27.5	27.5	28.9	34.2	40.0	27.7	32.7	24.8
BRW 24	558624	194695	40.4	26.8	28.7	19.5	19.5	16.4	15.3	17.4	17.8	23.5	27.5	29.5	23.5	17.9
<b>BRW 25</b>	558482	194547	47.8	34.0	29.3	24.5	25.4	21.6	19.3	21.6	27.5	28.7	34.2	34.6	29.1	22.1
<b>BRW 26</b>	562278	196649	38.1	31.2	21.0	23.1	23.9	19.3	16.3	23.7	26.0	23.9	30.0	25.1	25.1	19.1
<b>BRW 28</b>	564446	199509	44.6	34.2	23.5	23.5	28.3	22.6	21.0	22.8	21.8	22.6	30.0	27.9	26.9	20.4
<b>BRW 29</b>	564617	199849	36.9	28.5	26.6	20.7	20.3	18.9	16.6	19.1	18.9	23.1	28.1	26.0	23.7	18.0
<b>BRW 30</b>	564654	199898	37.9	28.7	31.2	25.6	27.2	21.0	20.5	23.7	24.7	24.7	25.1	28.7	26.6	20.2
<b>BRW 31</b>	565186	200071	33.3	19.7	29.5	29.3	24.7	18.7	21.0	30.8	27.5	20.3	23.9	24.7	25.3	19.2
<b>BRW 32</b>	556964	192288	42.5	35.6	24.3	19.9	27.2	27.0	22.4	21.2	28.5	31.2	34.4	15.1	27.4	20.8
<b>BRW 33</b>	559139	195012	33.3	26.6	23.0	17.4	19.1	15.5	14.0	16.3	21.0	20.3	26.0	28.9	21.8	16.5
<b>BRW 34</b>	557719	193226	37.1	20.8	25.1	21.8	19.7	18.7	16.3	18.4	21.8	21.6	25.2	9.6	21.3	16.2
<b>BRW 36</b>	556603	194628	28.1	20.1	17.4	8.6	7.7	9.9	9.4	10.9	12.2	15.5	20.3	19.7	15.0	11.4
<b>BRW 38</b>	563659	198314	22.6	18.0	26.4	14.3	16.3	13.8	Missing	18.7	17.4	23.1	29.1	27.7	20.7	15.7
BRW 39	562412	189153	31.6	30.6	30.8	26.0	24.5	19.1	20.3	23.5	20.3	20.1	27.0	21.8	24.6	18.7
<b>BRW 40</b>	559191	193681	59.1	40.7	39.4	29.8	35.0	31.4	31.2	30.2	35.0	35.8	41.3	38.4	37.3	28.3
BRW 41	559292	193710	53.9	43.0	43.4	31.2	39.2	36.7	33.3	31.0	31.7	40.2	41.7	27.7	37.8	28.7

☑ All erroneous data has been removed from the NO₂ diffusion tube dataset presented in Table B.1

Annualisation has been conducted where data capture is <75% and >25% in line with LAQM.TG22

⊠ National bias adjustment factor used

Where applicable, data has been distance corrected for relevant exposure in the final column

Brentwood Borough Council confirm that all 2022 diffusion tube data has been uploaded to the Diffusion Tube Data Entry System

Notes:

Exceedances of the NO<sub>2</sub> annual mean objective of 40µg/m<sup>3</sup> are shown in **bold**.

 $NO_2$  annual means exceeding  $60\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>, indicating a potential exceedance of the  $NO_2$  1-hour mean objective are shown in <u>bold and underlined</u>. See Appendix C for details on bias adjustment and annualisation.

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# Appendix C: Supporting Technical Information / Air Quality Monitoring Data QA/QC

#### New or Changed Sources Identified Within Brentwood Borough Council During 2022

Brentwood Borough Council has not identified any new sources relating to air quality within the reporting year of 2022.

#### Additional Air Quality Works Undertaken by Brentwood During 2022

Brentwood Borough Council has not completed any additional air quality works within the reporting year of 2022.

#### **QA/QC of Diffusion Tube Monitoring**

- Brentwood Borough Council undertook monitoring at 33 sites in 2022.
- Brentwood Borough Council adheres with the Diffusion Tube Monitoring Calendar.
- The diffusion tubes were supplied by Socotec (UKAS Testing Laboratory number 1015) with a preparation method of 50% triethanolamine (TEA) in Acetone.
- The AIR NO<sub>2</sub> proficiency testing scheme found that the laboratory achieved the following percentage of results determined as satisfactory for 2022:

#### **Diffusion Tube Bias Adjustment Factors**

The diffusion tube data presented within the 2022 ASR have been corrected for bias using an adjustment factor. Bias represents the overall tendency of the diffusion tubes to under or over-read relative to the reference chemiluminescence analyser. LAQM.TG22 provides guidance with regard to the application of a bias adjustment factor to correct diffusion tube monitoring. Triplicate co-location studies can be used to determine a local bias factor based on the comparison of diffusion tube results with data taken from NO<sub>x</sub>/NO<sub>2</sub> continuous analysers. Alternatively, the national database of diffusion tube co-location surveys provides bias factors for the relevant laboratory and preparation method.

Brentwood Borough Council have applied a national bias adjustment factor of 0.76 to the 2022 monitoring data to maintain consistency with other Councils in Essex.

A summary of bias adjustment factors used by Brentwood Borough Council over the past five years is presented in Table C.1.

Monitoring Year	Local or National	Diffusion Tube	lf National, Version of National Spreadsheet	Adjustment Factor
2022	National	Socotec 50% TEA in Acetone	03/23	0.76
2021	National	Socotec 50% TEA in Acetone	03/22	0.78
2020	National	Socotec 50% TEA in Acetone	03/21	0.77
2019	National	Socotec 50% TEA in Acetone	03/20	0.75
2018	National	ESG Didcot 50% TEA in Acetone	03/19	0.76

#### Table C.1 – Bias Adjustment Factor

#### NO2 Fall-off with Distance from the Road

Wherever possible, monitoring locations are representative of exposure. However, where this is not possible, the NO<sub>2</sub> concentration at the nearest location relevant for exposure has been estimated using the Diffusion Tube Data Processing Tool/NO<sub>2</sub> fall-off with distance calculator available on the LAQM Support website.

No diffusion tube NO<sub>2</sub> monitoring locations within Brentwood required distance correction during 2022.

# **Appendix D: Maps of Monitoring Locations and AQMAs**

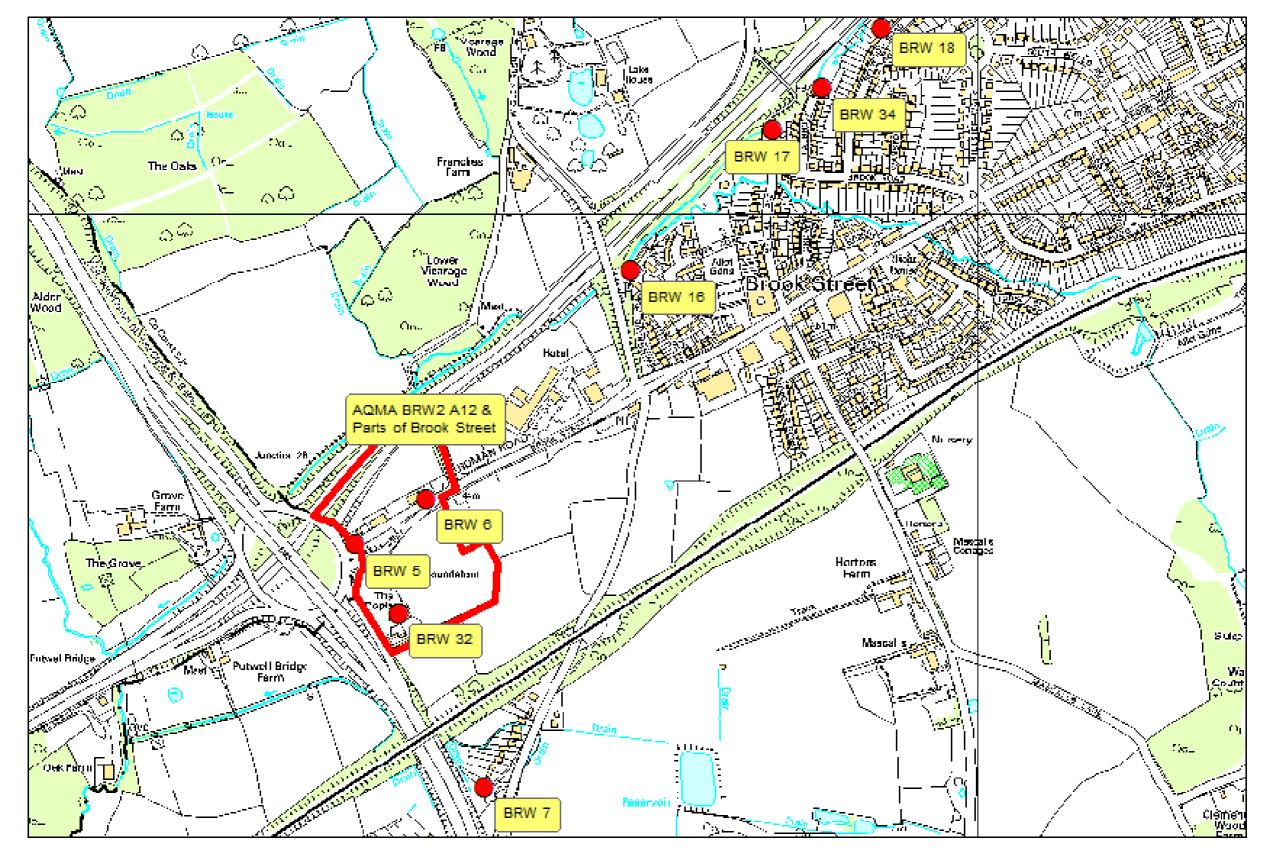
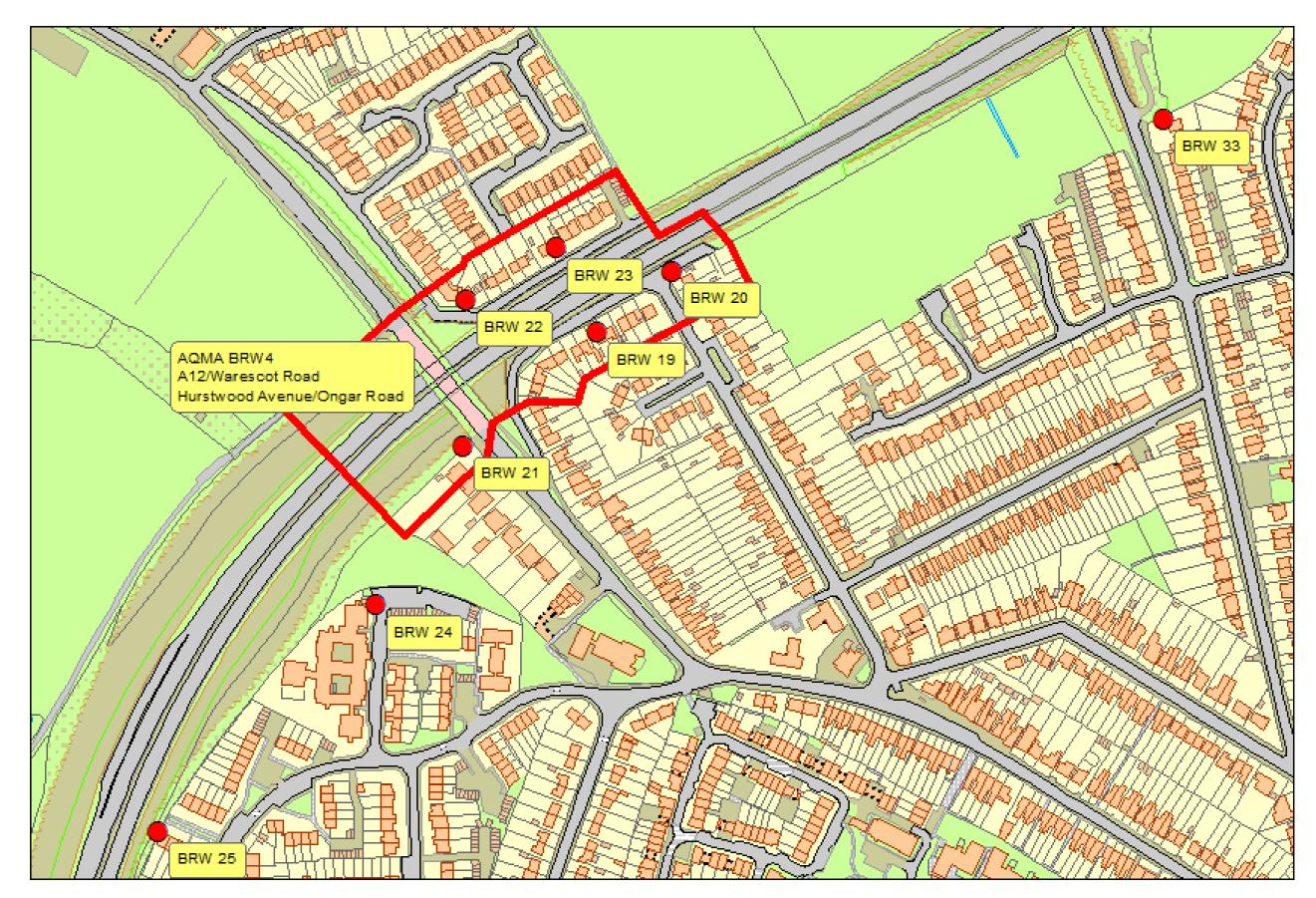


Figure D.1 – Map of Non-Automatic Monitoring Sites: BRW2 AQMA, A12 & M25

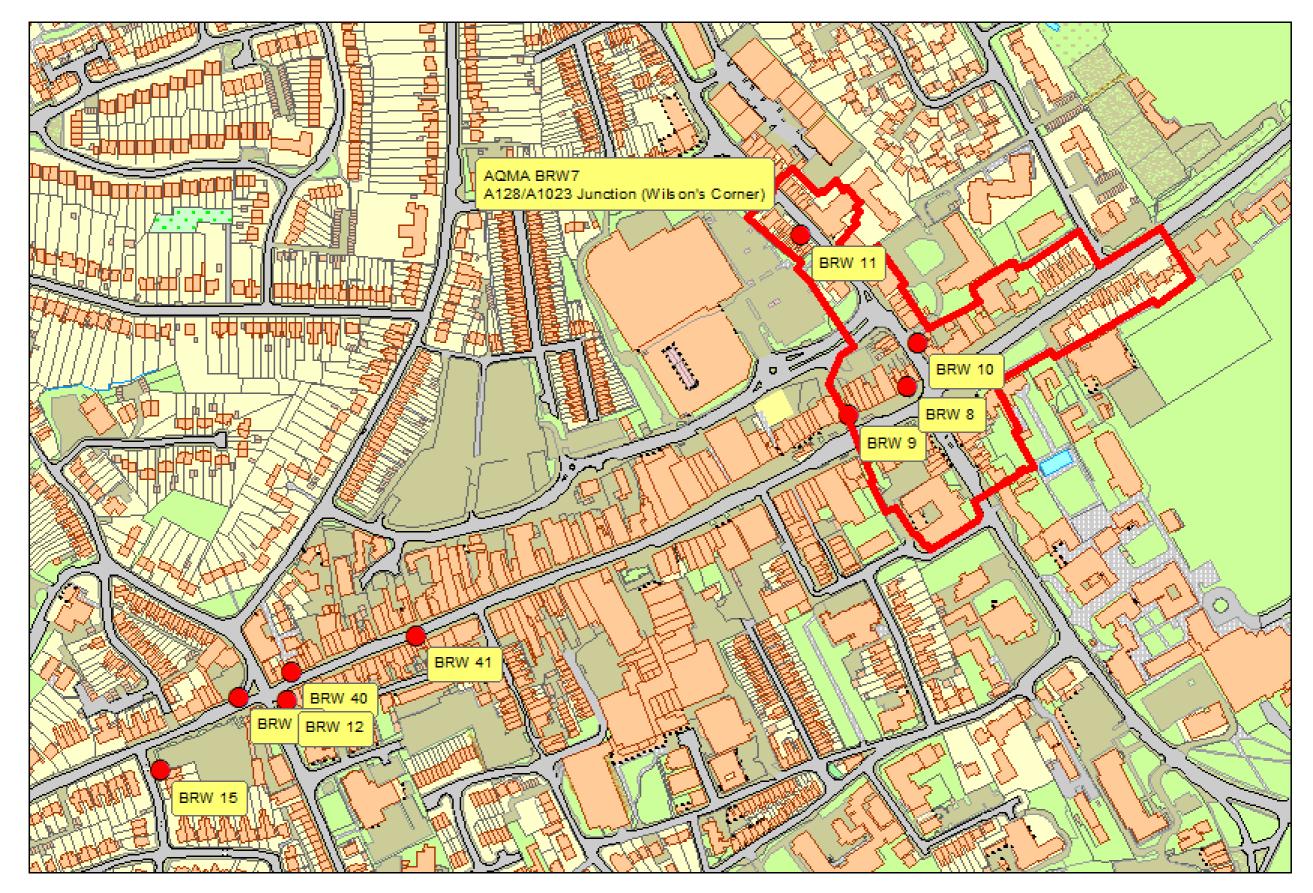
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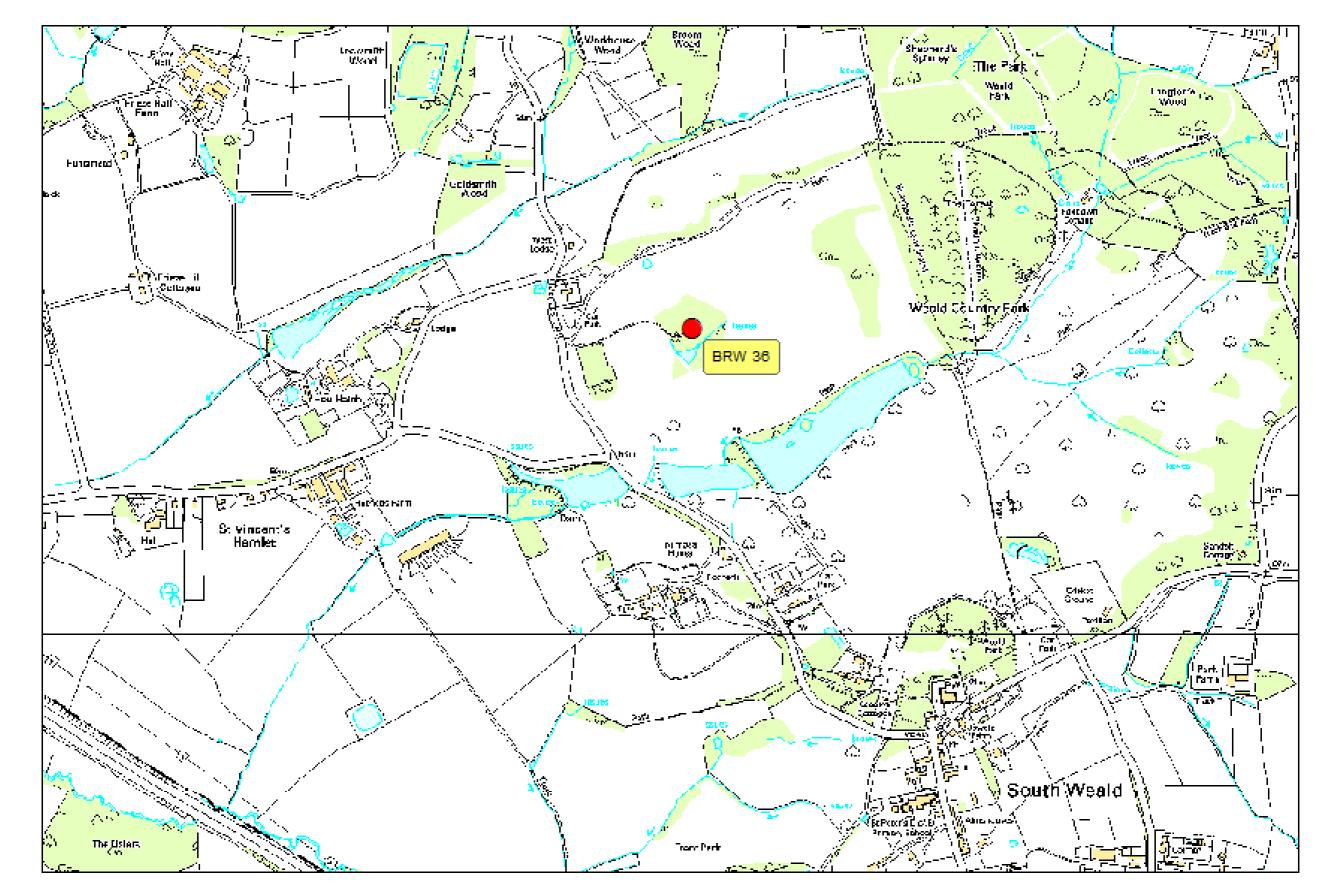
Figure D.2 – Map of Non-Automatic Monitoring Sites: BRW4 AQMA & A12/Warescot Road/Hurstwood Avenue/Ongar Road



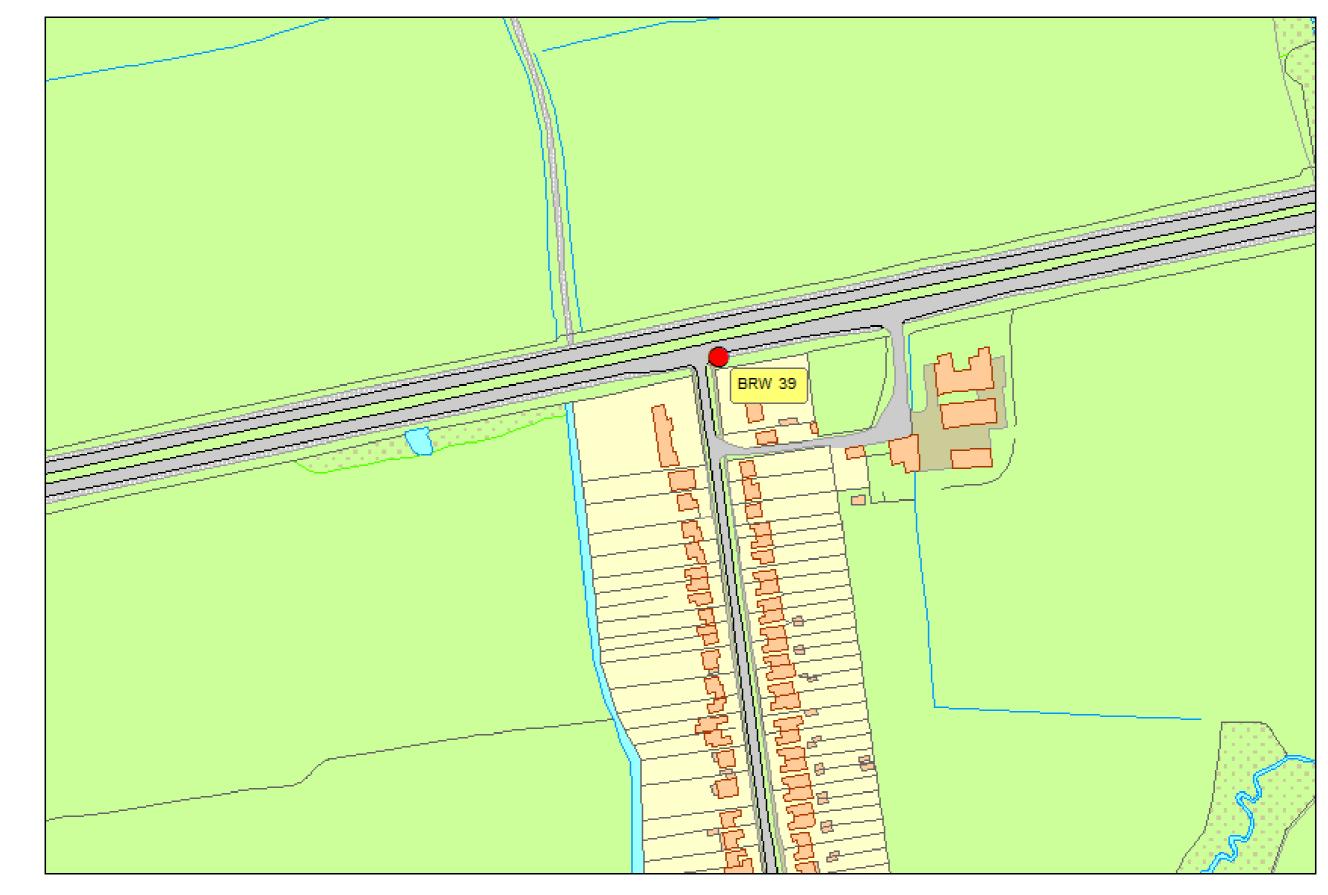
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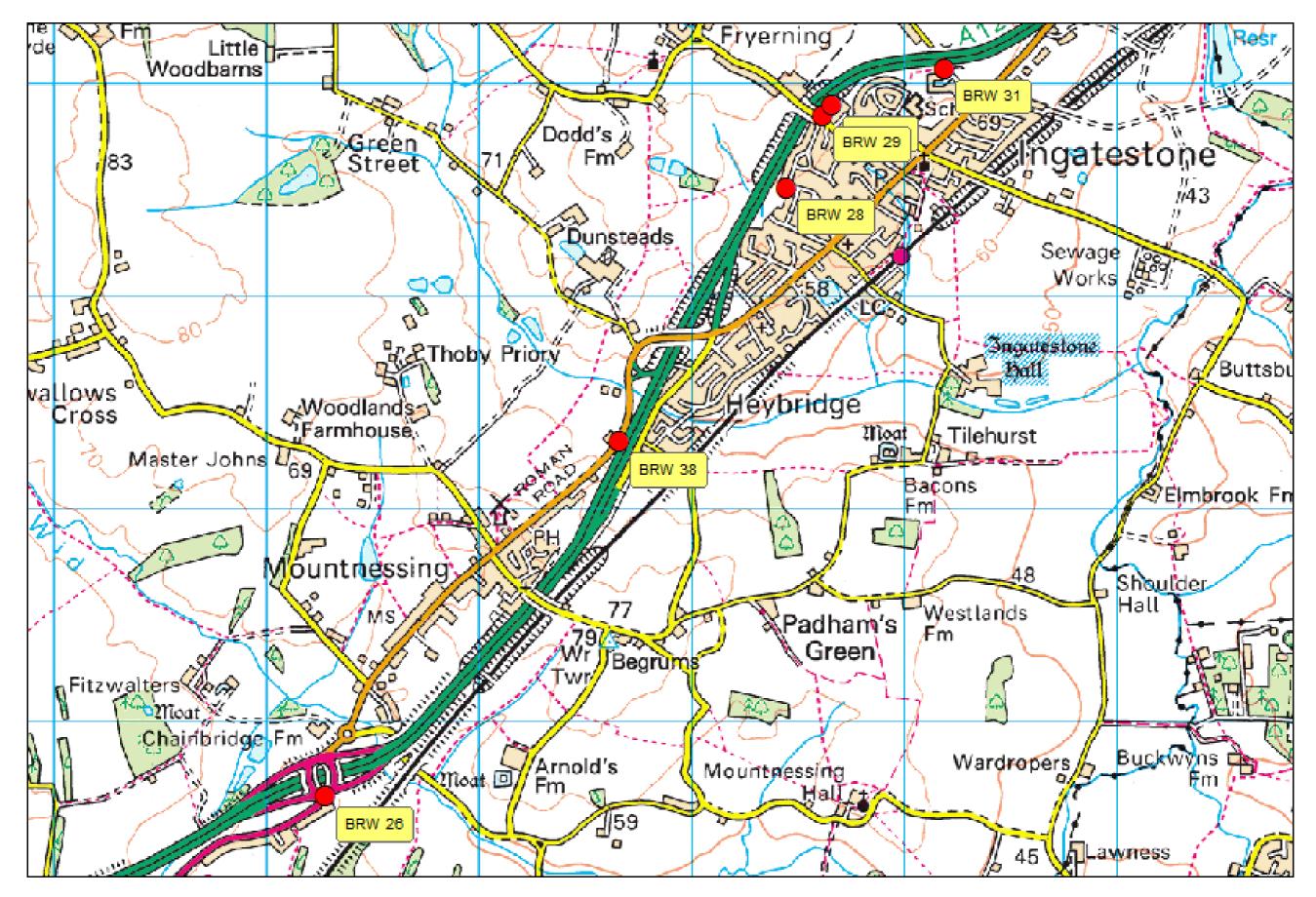








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# Appendix E: Summary of Air Quality Objectives in England

Pollutant	Air Quality Objective: Concentration	Air Quality Objective: Measured as
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2)	200µg/m³ not to be exceeded more than 18 times a year	1-hour mean
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2)	40µg/m³	Annual mean
Particulate Matter (PM <sub>10</sub> )	50µg/m³, not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year	24-hour mean
Particulate Matter (PM <sub>10</sub> )	40µg/m³	Annual mean
Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	350µg/m³, not to be exceeded more than 24 times a year	1-hour mean
Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	125µg/m³, not to be exceeded more than 3 times a year	24-hour mean
Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	266µg/m³, not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year	15-minute mean

 $<sup>^5</sup>$  The units are in microgrammes of pollutant per cubic metre of air (µg/m³).

# **Glossary of Terms**

Abbreviation	Description
AQAP	Air Quality Action Plan - A detailed description of measures, outcomes, achievement dates and implementation methods, showing how the local authority intends to achieve air quality limit values'
AQMA	Air Quality Management Area – An area where air pollutant concentrations exceed / are likely to exceed the relevant air quality objectives. AQMAs are declared for specific pollutants and objectives
ASR	Annual Status Report
Defra	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs
LAQM	Local Air Quality Management
NO <sub>2</sub>	Nitrogen Dioxide
NOx	Nitrogen Oxides
PM <sub>10</sub>	Airborne particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of $10\mu m$ or less
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	Airborne particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of 2.5µm or less
QA/QC	Quality Assurance and Quality Control
SO <sub>2</sub>	Sulphur Dioxide

# References

- Defra Diffusion Tube Bias Adjustment Factors Spreadsheet available at; <u>https://laqm.defra.gov.uk/bias-adjustment-factors/national-bias.html</u>
- Defra LAQM Summary of Laboratory Performance in AIR NO<sub>2</sub> PT Scheme available at; <u>https://laqm.defra.gov.uk/diffusion-tubes/ga-qc-framework.html</u>
- Essex Air Quality Consortium available at; <u>http://www.essexair.org.uk</u>
- Essex Air Twitter Feed available at; <u>https://twitter.com/essexair</u>
- EssexCarShare.com available at; <u>https://liftshare.com/uk/community/essex</u>
- Local Air Quality Management Technical Guidance LAQM.TG22. August 2022. Published by Defra in partnership with the Scottish Government, Welsh Assembly Government and Department of the Environment Northern Ireland available at; <u>https://laqm.defra.gov.uk/wp-content/uploads/2022/08/LAQM-TG22-August-22-</u>v1.0.pdf
- Local Air Quality Management Policy Guidance LAQM.PG22. August 2022. Published by Defra in partnership with the Scottish Government, Welsh Assembly Government and Department of the Environment Northern Ireland available at; <u>https://laqm.defra.gov.uk/wp-content/uploads/2022/08/LAQM-Policy-Guidance-2022.pdf</u>
- Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator D01 available at;
  <u>https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile/public-health-outcomes-framework</u>